INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
JUNE 30, 2009

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OFFICIALS

Name	Title	Term Expires
Steve Ritenour	Mayor	January 2012
Richard Rossmann	Mayor Pro Tem/Council Member	January 2012
Ken Larson	Council Member	January 2012
Carol Milder	Council Member	January 2010
Dave Jargo	Council Member	January 2010
Curtis Kilburg	Council Member	January 2010
Brenda Tebbe	City Clerk/Treasurer	Indefinite
Melissa Burken-Mommsen	City Attorney	Indefinite

O'CONNOR, BROOKS & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

G.L. HARDIN, CPA W.H. LEGLAR, CPA S.J. DOMEYER, CPA M.A. KUEPERS, CPA J.W. HANNAN, CPA M.P. RUGGEBERG, CPA P.C. McCARTHY, CPA E.A. SCHILLING, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Preston as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City's primary government as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Preston's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U. S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The financial statements do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the City's primary government unless the City also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include financial data for its component units. The City has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenses of the legally separate component units are unknown, thus the amount by which this departure would affect the financial statements taken as a whole is not reasonably determinable.

In our opinion, because of the omission of the discretely presented component units, as discussed above, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1, the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the City of Preston, as of June 30, 2009, or the changes in cash basis financial position thereof for the year then ended.

Furthermore, in our opinion, the respective financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Preston as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated February 17, 2010 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Preston's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the four years ended June 30, 2008 (none of which are presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements which were prepared in conformity with an other comprehensive basis of accounting. The other supplementary information included in Schedule 6 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements for the five years ending June 30, 2009 and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements for the five years ended June 30, 2009 taken as a whole.

The basic financial statements of the City of Preston for the three years ended June 30, 2004 (none of which are presented herein) were audited by other auditors whose reports dated August 12, 2004, August 13, 2003, and August 15, 2002, expressed unqualified opinions on those statements. Their reports stated that, in their opinion, such other supplementary information (Schedule 6) was fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements for those year then ended, taken as a whole.

O'CONNOR, BROOKS & CO., P.C.

O'Common, Brooks & Co. j. P.C. Dubuque, Iowa February 17, 2010

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Preston provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow.

2009 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Receipts of the City's governmental activities increased 25.6% or \$111,270 from fiscal 2008 to fiscal 2009. The receipts included \$174,342 in property tax, \$66,509 in local option tax, \$78,738 in road use tax funds, \$52,918 in other intergovernmental revenue, and \$109,000 of debt proceeds.
- Disbursements increased 7.1% or \$180,716 in fiscal 2009 from fiscal 2008. Public works and gas disbursements decreased \$74,208 and \$75,564, respectively, while public safety and electric disbursements increased \$111,162 and \$249,968, respectively.
- The City's total cash basis net assets decreased 18.5% or \$83,657 from June 30, 2008 to June 30, 2009. Of this amount, the assets of the governmental activities decreased \$93,872. The assets of the business type activities increased by \$10,215.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statement consists of a Statement of Activities and Net Assets. This statement provides information about the activities of the City as a whole and presents an overall view of the City's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statement by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the City's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental funds, proprietary funds, and internal service funds.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, readers should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

REPORTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statement

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets presents the City's net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities include public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government and debt service. Property tax, state grants, and payments in lieu of taxes finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities include water, sewer, electric, gas, garbage, and customer deposits. These activities are financed primarily by user charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The City has two kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds account for most of the City's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds include: 1) the General Fund; 2) the Special Revenue Funds, such as Road Use Tax and 3) the Debt Service Fund. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

The required financial statements for governmental funds is a statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in cash balances.

2) Proprietary funds account for the City's Enterprise Funds and for the Internal Service Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report business type activities. The City maintains six Enterprise Funds to provide separate information for the water, sewer, electric, gas, garbage, and customer deposits funds. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions.

The required financial statement for proprietary funds is a statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in cash balances.

Reconciliations between the government-wide statement and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The City's cash balance for governmental activities decreased sharply from a year ago, from \$(47,510) to \$(141,382). The analysis that follows focuses on the changes in cash balances for governmental activities.

Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of Governmental Activities

	Yea	r Ended	June 3	0,
	2009	9	200)8
Receipts:				
Program receipts:				
Charges for service	\$ 37,	,776	\$ 38	,459
Operating grants and contributions	135	,010	129	,904
Capital grants and contributions			20	,477
General receipts:				
Property tax	174,	,342	147	,711
Other city tax	71,	,093	70,	,336
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,	783	3,	,667
Other general receipts	16,	,548	23,	,728
Debt proceeds	109,	,000	•	
Total receipts	\$ 545,	552	\$ 434	,282
Disbursements:				
Public safety		,198		
Public works	117,	205	191,	,413
Culture and recreation	96,	346	106,	,851
Community and economic development	6,	346 926	7,	,579
General government	59,	195	58,	,306
Debt service	22,	554	13,	,136
Total disbursements	\$ 639,	424	\$ 603,	,321
Change in cash basis net assets before transfers	\$ (93,	872)	\$ (169,	,039)
Transfers, net			70,	,000
Change in cash basis net assets	\$ (93,	872)	\$ (99,	,039)
Cash basis net assets beginning of year		510)	51,	,529
Cash basis net assets end of year	\$ (141,	382)	\$ (47,	,510)

Total receipts for the City's governmental activities increased by 25.6% or \$111,270. The total cost of all programs and services increased \$36,103 or 6.0%. The increase in receipts is due to loan proceeds of \$109,000 and an increase in the amount of property taxes the City received.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$639,424 compared to \$603,321 last year. As shown in the Statement of Activities and Net Assets, the amount taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was \$466,638 because some of the cost was paid by those directly benefited from the programs (\$37,776) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$135,010). Overall, the City's governmental activities program receipts, including intergovernmental aid and fees for services decreased from \$188,840 in fiscal year 2008 to \$172,786 in fiscal year 2009. The City paid for

the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with \$466,638 in tax (some of which could only be used for certain programs) and with other receipts, such as interest and general entitlements.

	Year En	ded June 30,
•	2009	2008
Receipts:		
Program receipts:		
Charges for service:	ф 150.700	ተ 150 511
Water	\$ 159,728	
Electric	935,665	
Gas	591,149	
Sewer	198,791	
Garbage	125,062	
Customer deposits	4,990	5,494
General receipts:	17 501	23,243
Unrestricted interest on investments	17,581	
Miscellaneous	59,943	. 55,611
Total receipts	\$2,092,909	\$1,960,625
Disbursements:		
Water	\$ 116,273	\$ 125,176
Electric	1,149,762	899,794
Gas	536,072	611,636
Sewer	169,074	180,117
Garbage	106,828	119,619
Customer deposits	4,685	5 1,739
Total disbursements	\$2,082,694	4 \$1,938,081
Change in cash basis net assets before transfers	\$ 10,213	5 \$ 22,544
Transfer, net		- (70,000)
Change in cash basis net assets	\$ 10,21:	
Cash basis net assets beginning of year	499,54	0 546,996
Cash basis net assets end of year	\$ 509,75	5 \$ 499,540
Cash dasis het assets end of year		

Total business type activities disbursements for the fiscal year were \$2,082,694 compared to \$1,938,081 last year. The increase in electric disbursements was due primarily to a light plant project. Gas disbursements decreased due to lower gas prices.

INDIVIDUAL MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND ANALYSIS

As the City of Preston completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$(146,967), a decrease of \$95,144 below last year's total. The following are the reasons for the changes in fund balances of the major funds from the prior year.

- The General Fund cash balance decreased from \$(100,859) to \$(224,286). The decrease of \$(123,427) is due primarily to overspending of general fund receipts.
- The Road Use Tax Fund cash balance increased \$49,577 to \$60,475 to build up the fund for future projects.
- The Library Foundation Fund cash balance increased \$880 due to interest.

INDIVIDUAL MAJOR BUSINESS TYPE FUND ANALYSIS

- The Water Fund cash balance increased \$45,400 to build the fund up for future water system improvements.
- The Electric Fund cash balance decreased \$179,655 due to improvements made to the electric plant.
- The Gas Fund cash balance increased \$88,391 as the result of lower gas prices.
- The Garbage Fund cash balance increased \$20,926 to provide funds for future equipment purchases.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City amended its budget only once during the fiscal year. It was amended and approved on June 8, 2009, to provide for additional disbursements in certain City departments. The City had sufficient cash balances to absorb these additional costs.

The City's receipts were \$529,640 less than budgeted. This was primarily due to the City not receiving several grants that had been applied for and included in budgeted receipts.

The City exceeded the amounts budgeted in the public safety, public works, debt service, and business type activities functions for the year ended June 30, 2009 due to unexpected expenses and additional electric plant improvement costs.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2009, the City had \$528,064 in bonds and other long-term debt, compared to \$590,572 last year, as shown below.

Outstanding Debt at Year End

	. Jur	ne 30,
	2009	2008
General obligation notes Revenue bonds Revenue note Promissory note	\$ 145,064 118,000 85,000	\$ 53,000 168,000 165,000 9,572
Other obligations	180,000	195,000
Total	\$ 528,064 ======	\$ 590,572

Debt decreased as a result of principal payments made on existing debt. In addition, the City issued \$109,000 of general obligation notes for the purchase of a fire truck. The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt cities can issue to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the City's corporate limits. The City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$145,064 is significantly below its constitutional debt limit of \$2.2 million.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Numerous issues were taken into account when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2010. Amount available for appropriation in the operating budget will be \$3,103,201, an increase of 3% from the final 2009 budget. Property taxes are expected to increase approximately \$30,000 due to an increase in rates and the assessed property valuations. The City will increase their contribution of in lieu of taxes to complete any projects that are expected to arise.

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgeted cash balance is expected to increase.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Brenda Tebbe, City Clerk/Treasurer, P.O. Box 37, Preston, Iowa 52069.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF PRESTON PRESTON, IOWA

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

			Progra	Program Receipts			Net (Dis Changes	burseme in Cash	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets	ots and Assets	
	Disbursements	Charges for Services	Opera and Co	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	,	Governmental Activities	Busine Acti	Business Type Activities		Total
Functions/Programs: Governmental Activities: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation	\$ 337,198 117,205 96,346	\$ 30,704 436 2,706	↔	35,286 78,738 20,986	€		\$ (271,208) (38,031) (72,654)	↔		€9	(271,208) (38,031) (72,654)
Community and economic development General government Debt service	6,926 59,195 22,554	3,930					(6,926) (55,265) (22,554)			į	(6,926) (55,265) (22,554)
Total Governmental Activities \$	\$ 639,424	\$ 37,776	. ∽	135,010	\$		\$ (466,638)	e> '	1	€	(466,638)
Business Type Activities: Water Electric Gas Sewer Garbage	\$ 116,273 1,149,762 536,072 169,074 106,828 4,685	\$ 159,728 935,665 591,149 198,791 125,062 4,990	∽		↔			↔	43,455 (214,097) 55,077 29,717 18,234 305	↔	43,455 (214,097) 55,077 29,717 18,234 305
Total Business Type Activities \$ 2,082,694 Total \$ 2,722,118	\$ 2,082,694	\$ 2,015,385	-	135,010	89 89		\$		(67,309)	6 6 F	(67,309)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

			Program Receipts		Net (Dis Changes	burseme in Cash	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets	pts an Asset	T 8
	Disbursements	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Busine Acti	Business Type Activities		Total
General Receipts: Property tax levied for general purposes Other city tax Unrestricted interest on investments Miscellaneous Interfund debt repayment Debt proceeds	urposes ents				\$ 174,342 71,093 1,783 16,548	↔	 17,581 44,943 15,000	↔	174,342 71,093 19,364 61,491 15,000
Total General Receipts					\$ 372,766	- ↔	77,524	₩	450,290
Change in Cash Basis Net Assets					\$ (93,872)	€	10,215	⇔	(83,657)
Cash Basis Net Assets Beginning of Year	of Year				(47,510)		499,540		452,030
Cash Basis Net Assets End of Year	ħ	,			\$ (141,382)	69	509,755	\	368,373
Cash Basis Net Assets: Restricted: Streets Library Other purposes Unrestricted (deficit) Total Cash Basis Net Assets					\$ 60,475 58,526 (260,383) 	69 69	 150 509,605 	& &	60,475 58,526 150 249,222 368,373

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Special Revenue

		General	R	oad Use Tax		Library undation	N	onmajor		Total
Receipts:										
Property tax	\$	174,342	\$		\$		\$		\$	174,342
Other city tax	Ψ	66,509	Ψ		*		*		_	66,509
Licenses and permits		7,069								7,069
Use of money and property		1,737				1,354		137		3,228
Intergovernmental		52,918		78,738		1,00.				131,656
Charges for services		32,760		70,750						32,760
Special assessments		193						243		436
Miscellaneous		20,552						2-15		20,552
Miscenaneous	4	20,332								
Total Receipts	\$_	356,080	\$	78,738	\$	1,354	\$	380	\$	436,552
Disbursements:										
Operating:										
Public safety	\$	337,198	\$		\$		\$		\$	337,198
Public works		89,316		29,161						118,477
Culture and recreation		95,872				474				96,346
Community and economic developm	nent	6,926								6,926
General government		59,195								59,195
Debt service								22,554		22,554
	- \$	500 507	 \$	20 161	 \$	474	\$	22,554	¢	640,696
Total Disbursements	Э	588,507	φ 	29,161	Φ	+/+ 	Ψ	22,337	Ψ	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts										
Over (Under) Disbursements	\$	(232,427)	\$	49,577	\$	880	\$	(22,174)	\$	(204,144)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Debt proceeds		109,000								109,000
1	_									
Net Change in Cash Balances	\$	(123,427)	\$	49,577	\$	880	\$	(22,174)	\$	(95,144)
Cash Balances Beginning of Year		(100,859)		10,898		47,013		(8,875)		(51,823)
Cash Balances End of Year	\$	(224,286)	\$ =	60,475	\$ =	47,893	\$	(31,049)	\$	(146,967)
Cash Basis Fund Balances: Unreserved:	Ф	(224 286)	Ф.		\$		\$		\$	(224,286)
General fund	\$	(224,286)	\$	60 175	Φ	47 902	φ	11,948	Ψ	120,316
Special revenue funds				60,475		47,893				
Debt service fund					_		_	(42,997)		(42,997)
Total Cash Basis Fund Balances	\$· :	(224,286)	\$ =	60,475	\$ =	47,893	\$ =	(31,049)	\$	(146,967)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Total governmental funds cash balances	\$	(146,967)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities and Net Assets are different because:		
The Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of the shed maintenance and to charge the reserve for insurance premiums to the individual funds. The assets of the Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of		5 585
Net Assets	,	5,585
Cash basis net assets of governmental activities	\$	(141,382)
Net change in cash balances	\$	(95,144)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities and Net Assets are different because:		
The Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of shed maintenance and to charge the reserve for insurance premiums to the individual funds. The change in net assets of the Internal Service Funds is reported with governmental activities.		1,272
Change in cash balance of governmental activities	\$	(93,872)

CITY OF PRESTON PRESTON

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Enterprise

•		Water	"	Electric		Gas	5	Garbage	Ĭ ž l	Nonmajor		Total	II S	Internal	
Operating Receipts: Charges for services Miscellaneous	€	159,728	€9	935,665 23,250	6	591,149	↔	125,062	€	203,781	€ .	2,015,385 23,250	∽	7,000	
Total Operating Receipts	∽	159,728	↔	958,915	· •	591,149	• •	125,062	↔	203,781	€	2,038,635	69	7,000	
Operating Disbursements: Salaries and wages Employee benefits and costs Staff development Repairs, maintenance, and utilities Contractual services Commodities Capital outlay	~	37,484 16,941 551 13,951 29,201 18,062 338	⇔	75,961 45,422 405 56,152 542,033 23,436 7,300	↔	36,962 24,813 3,676 3,118 458,633 8,190 1,699	⇔	28,766 24,287 14 9,574 42,093 2,776	↔	30,163 14,975 710 19,054 15,657 3,153 7,143	€9	209,336 126,438 5,356 101,849 1,087,617 55,617	↔	147	
Total Operating Disbursements	€9	116,528	€>	750,709	· •	537,091	69	107,847	. ↔	90,855	. ↔	1,603,030	ا ده	1,905	
Excess of Operating Receipts Over Operating Disbursements	€9	43,200	€>	208,206	•	54,058	· 62	17,215	€9	112,926	. ↔	435,605	• ←	5,095	

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Enterprise

Internal Service		!	5,095	5,779	5,779	5,779
TI Ø	69	. ↔	, 69	69	69	69
Total	17,581 21,693 15,000 (180,861) (302,624)	(429,211)	6,394	509,561	150 509,411	509,561
	↔	↔	↔	€9	↔	⇔
Nonmajor	152 1,413 (83,159)	(81,594)	31,332	12,982	12,982	12,982
₽	€9	62	⇔	. ↔	69	69
Garbage	516 3,195 	3,711	20,926	79,156	79,156	79,156
Ď	69	· ∨	69	€	6/3	6∕3
Gas	14,895 4,438 15,000	34,333	88,391	316,402	316,402	316,402
	↔	.	⇔	↔	\$	€9
Electric	1,360 11,105 (97,702) (302,624)	(387,861)	(179,655)	(10,745)	150 (10,895)	(10,745)
	↔	⇔	⇔	€3	€9	∽
Water	658 1,542 	2,200	45,400	111,766	111,766	111,766
	; ;(g	⇔	↔	↔	€9	↔
	Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements): Interest on investments Miscellaneous Repayment of interfund loan Debt service Capital projects	Net Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	Net Change in Cash Balances Cash Balances Beginning of Year	Cash Balances End of Year	Cash Basis Fund Balances: Reserved for other purposes Unrestricted	Total Cash Basis Fund Balances

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Total enterprise funds cash balances	\$	509,561
Amounts reported for business type activities in the Statement of Activities and Net Assets are different because:		
The Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of the shed maintenance and to charge the reserve for insurance premiums to the individual funds. The assets of the Internal Service Funds are included in business type activities in the Statement of		
Net Assets.		194
Cash basis net assets of business type activities	\$	509,755
Net change in cash balances	\$	6,394
Amounts reported for business type activities in the Statement of Activities and Net Assets are different because:		
The Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of shed maintenance and to charge the reserve for insurance premiums to the individual funds. The change in net assets of the		
Internal Service Funds is reported with business type activities.		3,821
Change in cash balance of business type activities	-\$	10,215
	==	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The City of Preston is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Jackson County. It was first incorporated in 1890 and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a non-partisan basis. The City provides numerous services to citizens including public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community and economic development, and general government services. The City also provides, water, sewer, electric, gas, and garbage utilities for its citizens.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Preston has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City has one component unit which meets the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria, the Preston Volunteer Fire Department. This component unit has not been included in the City's financial statements.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The City participates in one jointly governed organization that provides goods or services to the citizenry of the City but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. City officials are members of the following board: Jackson County Sanitation Disposal Agency.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statement - The Statement of Activities and Net Assets reports information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from this statement. Governmental activities, which are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets presents the City's nonfiduciary net assets. Net assets are reported in two categories:

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the preceding category. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management, which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest on investments restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds and nonmajor enterprise funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax receipts and other receipts not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating disbursements, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs that are not paid from other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Special Revenue:

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for road construction and maintenance.

The Library Foundation Fund is used to account for donations restricted for use for the library.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Electric Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's electric system.

The Gas Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's gas system.

The Garbage Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sanitation system.

The City also reports the following additional proprietary fund:

The Internal Service Funds are utilized to account for the financing of goods or services purchased by one department of the City and provided to other departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City of Preston maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2009, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the public safety, public works, debt service, and business type activities functions.

Note 2 - Cash and Pooled Investments:

The City's deposits in banks at June 30, 2009, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30, 2009, the City had the following investments:

Type	 ır Value	Maturity
Maquoketa Area Foundation	\$ 47,893	N/A

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the City.

Credit Risk - The City's investment in the Maquoketa Area Foundation is unrated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

Note 3 - Bonds and Notes Payable:

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's indebtedness are as follows:

	G	eneral Obl	-	n Note	C	eneral Ob		on Note	Revenue Bonds		is
Year Ending June 30,	 I	Principal		Interest	I	Principal		Interest	 Principal	l Interes	
2010	\$	10,600	 \$	1,696	\$	5,480	\$	4,358	\$ 50,000	\$	3,315
2011		10,600		1,272		5,717		4,119	51,000		1,800
2012		10,600		848		5,966		3,871	17,000		255
2013		10,600		424		6,226		3,612			
2014						6,495		3,341			
2015-2019		nu turon				36,968		12,216			
2020-2023						•		3,557			
Total [*]	\$ =	42,400	\$ =	4,240	\$	102,664	\$	35,074	\$ 118,000	\$	5,370
		Revenue	e Note	e		Other Ol	oligat	ions	To	otal	
Year Ending June 30		Principal	I	nterest		rincipal	I	nterest	rincipal		Interest
2010		85,000	\$	4,250	\$	25,000	\$	7,237	176,080	\$	20,856
2011						20,000		6,448	87,317		13,639
2012						20,000		5,647	53,566		10,621
2013						20,000		4,837	36,826		8,873
2014						20,000		4,018	26,495		7,359
2015-2019						75,000		6,400	111,968		18,616
2020-2023						mmm			35,812		3,557
Total	\$	85,000	\$	4,250	\$	180,000	\$	34,587	528,064		83,521

Revenue Bonds

The City has pledged future sewer customer receipts, net of specified operating disbursements, to repay \$715,000 in sewer revenue bonds issued in August 1991 and November 1992. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for improvements to the sewer system. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net receipts and are payable through 2012. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 70 percent of net receipts. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$123,370. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$54,815 and \$86,170, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

Note 3 - Bonds and Notes Payable: (Continued)

The resolutions providing for the issuance of the sewer revenue bonds include the following provisions:

- (a) The bonds will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the Sewer Fund, and the bondholders hold a lien on the future earnings of the fund.
- (b) Establish a Sinking Fund and make a monthly cash transfer equal to 1/6 of the installment of interest coming due on the next interest payment date plus 1/12 of the installment of principal coming due on the bonds on the next succeeding principal payment date.

The City's Sewer Fund balance is insufficient to meet the Sinking Fund requirements.

Revenue Notes

The City has pledged future electric customer receipts, net of specified operating disbursements, to repay \$580,000 in electric revenue notes issued in June 2002. Proceeds from the notes provided financing for improvements to the electric utility. The notes are payable solely from electric customer net receipts and are payable through 2010. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 50 percent of net receipts. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the notes is \$89,250. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$88,130 and \$208,206, respectively.

The resolutions providing for the issuance of the revenue note include the following provisions:

- (a) The note will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the enterprise activity, and the note holders hold a lien on the future earnings of the funds.
- (b) Sufficient monthly transfers shall be made to the Sinking Fund for the purpose of making the note principal and interest payments when due.
- (c) At delivery of the note, a sum equal to \$58,000 shall be made to the Reserve Fund for the purpose of making the note principal and interest payments if deposits in the Sinking Fund are insufficient to make such payments.
- (d) Additional monthly transfers of \$2,000 to the Improvement Fund shall be made until a specific minimum balance of \$50,000 has been accumulated. This account is restricted for the purpose of paying for the cost of capital improvements and extensions to the utility.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

Note 3 - Bonds and Notes Payable: (Continued)

(e) All funds remaining after first making the required payments into the Sinking Fund, the Reserve Fund, and Improvement Fund, and after the Reserve Fund contains the required Reserve Fund balance, the net revenues will be set aside into the Surplus Fund.

The City's Electric Fund balance is insufficient to meet the Sinking Fund requirements.

Note 4 - Pension and Retirement Benefits:

The City contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Most regular plan members are required to contribute 4.10% of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute 6.35% of covered salary. Certain employees in special risk occupations and the City contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The City's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007, were \$26,841, \$24,799, and \$22,663, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Note 5 - 28E Agreement:

On July 26, 2004, the City entered into a 28E Agreement with the City of Miles to provide police services to the City of Miles. This agreement was renewed for a period of three years in July 2007.

On June 7, 2006, the City entered into a 28E Agreement with the City of Spragueville to provide police services to the City of Spragueville. The agreement was renewed for a period of three years on February 13, 2007.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

Note 6 - Compensated Absences:

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement or death. Sick leave and personal leave accumulates but is not payable upon termination, retirement or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the City until used or paid. The City's approximate liability for earned compensated absences payable to employees at June 30, 2009, primarily relating to the General Fund, is as follows:

Type of Benefit	Aı	Amount		
Vacation	\$	9,410		

The liability has been computed based on rates of pay as of June 30, 2009.

Note 7 - Risk Management:

The City of Preston is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The City assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 8 - Commitments:

In May 2008, a contract in the amount of \$89,750 was approved for equipment and engineering services related to the upgrade of the City's electric system. In April 2009, a contract in the amount of \$68,925 was approved for installation services related to the upgrade. \$59,984 had been paid under these contracts at June 30, 2009.

Note 9 - General Fund Account Balances:

The account balances of the General Fund as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

General		\$ (224,749)
Police capital acc	count	463
Total General	Fund Balance	\$ (224,286)
		=======

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

Note 10 - Designation of Fund Balances:

	Special Revenue
Library purchases Fire department purchases	\$ 10,633 2,903
I I	\$ 13,536

Note 11 - Deficit Fund Balance:

The General Fund, Special Assessment, and Debt Service Funds had deficit fund balances of \$224,286, \$1,588 and \$42,997, respectively, at June 30, 2009 as a result of disbursements in excess of receipts. The deficits will be eliminated by future receipts.

The Electric and Sewer Enterprise Funds had deficit fund balances of \$10,745 and \$2,171, respectively at June 30, 2009. The deficit fund balances were the result of expenditures in excess of charges for service. The deficits will be eliminated by future charges for service.

Note 12 - Segment Information:

The government issued revenue bonds to finance its sewer department, which operates the City's sewer operations. The Sewer Fund was created to fulfill the required covenants of the revenue bonds. Summary financial information for the Sewer Fund is as follows:

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances

Operating receipts Operating disbursements	\$ 198,791 (86,170)
Operating income Net non-operating receipts (disbursements)	\$ 112,621 (81,700)
Net change in cash balances Cash balances beginning of year	\$ 30,921 (33,092)
Cash deficit end of year	\$ (2,171) ======

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

Note 12 - Subsequent Events:

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 17, 2010, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) -ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental	nental	Proprietary	Less	Less Funds		Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Final to
	Funds Actual	ds 	Funds Actual	to be]	Not Kequired to be Budgeted	Total	Original	Final	Variance
Receipts: Property tax Other city tax Licenses and permits Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services Special assessments Miscellaneous	\$ 174,7 66,7,7 131,3 32,2	7,342 56,509 7,069 3,228 31,656 52,760 436 20,552	\$ 17,581 2,022,385 59,943	} .	7,000	\$ 174,342 66,509 7,069 20,809 131,656 2,048,145 80,495	\$ 174,962 69,789 2,500 51,000 362,600 1,852,000 55,000	\$ 174,962 69,789 2,500 51,000 362,600 2,302,000 18,000 55,000	\$ (620) (3,280) 4,569 (30,191) (230,944) (253,855) (17,564) 25,495
Total Receipts	\$ 436,	6,552	\$ 2,099,909	€	7,000	\$ 2,529,461	\$ 2,585,851	\$ 3,035,851	\$ (506,390)
Disbursements: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Community and economic development General government Debt service Business type activities Total Disbursements	\$ 337, 118, 118, 96, 6, 59, 22, 22, \$ 640,	37,198 18,477 96,346 6,926 59,195 22,554 	\$ 2,088,420 \$ 2,088,420	€ E	1,905	\$ 337,198 118,477 96,346 6,926 59,195 22,554 2,086,515 \$ 2,727,211	\$ 183,800 82,750 90,900 209,400 74,565 1,742,017 \$ 2,383,432	\$ 333,800 85,750 107,900 209,400 74,565 1,742,017 \$ 2,553,432	\$ (3,398) (32,727) 11,554 202,474 15,370 (22,554) (344,498) ************************************

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) -ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Gov	Governmental	Pro	Proprietary	Less	Less Funds				Budgeted Amounts	Amou	ınts		Final to
	7	runds Actual		runds Actual	to be	Not Required to be Budgeted		Total	0	Original		Final		ı otar Variance
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	8	\$ (204,144)	€>	***************************************	•	\$ 5,095	€	5,095 \$ (197,750)	€9	\$ 202,419	! ↔	482,419	₩	\$ (680,169)
Other Financing Sources (Uses), Net	;	109,000	į	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ļ		ŀ	109,000	ì		i	170,000	Ì	(61,000)
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other Financing Uses	↔		↔	(11,489)	↔	5,095	€9	5,095 \$ (88,750) \$ 202,419	€\$	202,419	€9	\$ 652,419	€9	\$ (741,169)
Balances, Beginning of Year		(51,823)		503,851		684		451,344		319,272		319,272	1	132,072
Balances, End of Year	6	\$ (146,967)	¦ ⊮ ∽	\$ 515,340	⇔	5,779		\$ 362,594	• •	\$ 521,691	6 9	\$ 971,691	} ⊮ 69	\$ (609,097)

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY REPORTING JUNE 30, 2009

The budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Internal Service Funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund. These nine functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects, and business type activities. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Enterprise Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted receipts by \$620,000 and budgeted disbursements by \$170,000. The budget amendment is reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the public safety, public works, debt service, and business type activities functions.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Special Revenue

]	Library Trust	Dej	Fire partment Γrust	pecial essments	;	Debt Service	 Total
Receipts: Use of money and property Special assessments	\$	101	\$	36	\$ 243	\$		\$ 137 243
Total Receipts	\$	101	\$	36	\$ 243	\$		\$ 380
Disbursements: Debt service	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	22,554	\$ 22,554
Net Change in Cash Balances	\$	101	\$	36	\$ 243	\$	(22,554)	\$ (22,174)
Cash Balances Beginning of Year		10,532		2,867	(1,831)		(20,443)	(8,875)
Cash Balances End of Year	\$	10,633	\$ =	2,903	\$ (1,588)	\$	(42,997)	\$ (31,049)
Cash Basis Fund Balances: Unreserved: Special revenue funds Debt service fund	\$	10,633	\$	2,903	\$ (1,588)	\$	(42,997)	\$ 11,948 (42,997)
Total Cash Basis Fund Balances	\$	10,633	\$	2,903	\$ (1,588)	\$	(42,997)	\$ (31,049)

SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Enterprise Funds

		Sewer	Ľ	ustomer Deposits	Total		
Operating Receipts: Charges for services	\$	198,791	\$	4,990	\$	203,781	
Operating Disbursements:			-		•		
Salaries and wages	\$	30,163	\$		\$	30,163	
Employee benefits and costs		14,975				14,975	
Staff development	•	710		we tall the		710	
Repairs, maintenance and utilities		19,054				19,054	
Contractual services		10,972		4,685		15,657	
Commodities		3,153				3,153	
Capital outlay		7,143				7,143	
Total Operating Disbursements	\$	86,170	\$	4,685	\$	90,855	
Excess of Operating Receipts Over			-				
Operating Disbursements	\$	112,621	\$	305	\$	112,926	
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):			-				
Interest on investments	\$	46	\$	106	\$	152	
Miscellaneous		1,413				1,413	
Debt service		(83,159)				(83,159)	
Net Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	\$	(81,700)	\$	106	\$	(81,594)	
Net Change in Cash Balances	\$	30,921	\$	411	\$	31,332	
Cash Balances Beginning of Year		(33,092)		14,742		(18,350)	
Cash Balances End of Year	\$	(2,171)	\$ _	15,153	\$	12,982	
Cash Basis Fund Balances: Unrestricted	\$	(2,171)	\$ =	15,153	\$	12,982	

SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	 Shed Reserve		surance eserve		Γotal
Operating Receipts: Charges for service	\$ 7,000	\$		\$	7,000
Operating Disbursements: Repairs, maintenance and utilities Commodities	\$ 147 1,758	\$		\$	147 1,758
Total Operating Disbursements	\$ 1,905	\$		\$	1,905
Net Change in Cash Balances	\$ 5,095	\$		\$	5,095
Cash Balances Beginning of Year	(4,838)		5,522		684
Cash Balances End of Year	\$ 257	\$ =	5,522	\$ =	5,779
Cash Basis Fund Balances: Unreserved	\$ 257	\$	5,522	\$	5,779

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Interest Due and Unpaid		es es	¦	es	
Interest Paid	\$ 8,130	\$ 3,150 1,665		\$ 2,118 3,500 \$ 5,618	\$ 13,344
Balance End of Year	\$ 85,000	\$ 70,000 48,000 \$ 118,000		\$ 42,400 102,664 	\$ 180,000
Redeemed During Year	8 80,000	\$ 35,000 15,000	\$ 9,572	\$ 10,600 6,336 8.16,936	\$ 15,000
Issued During Year	 	e e	 	\$ 109,000 \$ 109,000	·
Balance Beginning of Year	\$ 165,000	\$ 105,000 63,000 \$ 168,000	\$ 9,572	\$ 53,000	\$ 195,000
Amount Originally Issued	\$ 580,000	\$ 490,000 225,000	\$ 95,720	\$ 106,000 109,000	\$ 210,000
Interest Rates	4.45-5.00%	3.00%	0.00%	4.30%	3.90-4.30%
Date of Issue	June 1, 2002	August 1, 1991 November 25, 1992	January 17, 2000	December 13, 2002 August 26, 2008	August 27, 2007 3.90-4.30%
Obligation	Revenue Note: Electric	Revenue Bonds: Sewer Sewer Total	Promissory Note: Rural Economic Development	General Obligation Note: Fire truck Fire truck Total	Other Obligation: Sewer Fund - Interfund Loan

BOND AND NOTE MATURITIES JUNE 30, 2009

	Reven	ue N	ote			Re	venue Bonds				
		ctric		S	Sewer			Sewer			
		ssued June 1, 2002 Issued		Issued A	August 1, 1991 Issu			Issued November 25, 1992			
Year Ending June 30	Interest Rates	A	mount	Interest Rates	A	Amount	Interest Rates		Amount		Total
2010	5.00%	\$	85,000	3.00%	\$	35,000	3.00%	\$	15,000	\$	50,000
2011				3.00%		35,000	3.00%		16,000		51,000
2012							3.00%		17,000		17,000
		-						-			
Total		\$	85,000		\$	70,000		\$	48,000	\$	118,000

	General Obligation Note								Other Obligation			
	Fire	Truc	ck	Fire Truck					Sewer			
	Issued Dece	mbei	13, 2002	Issued Au					Issued Aug	ust 27	, 2007	
Year Ending June 30	Interest Rates		Amount	Interest Rates		Amount		Total	Interest Rates	Α	Amount	
2010	4.00%	\$	10,600	4.30%	\$	5,480	\$	16,080	3.95%	\$	25,000	
2011	4.00%		10,600	4.30%		5,717		16,317	4.00%		20,000	
2012	4.00%		10,600	4.30%		5,966		16,566	4.05%		20,000	
2013	4.00%		10,600	4.30%		6,226		16,826	4.10%		20,000	
2014				4.30%		6,495		6,495	4.15%		20,000	
2015				4.30%		6,778		6,778	4.20%		25,000	
2016			***	4.30%		7,073		7,073	4.25%		25,000	
2017				4.30%		7,380		7,380	4.30%		25,000	
2018				4.30%		7,701		7,701				
2019				4.30%		8,036		8,036				
2020				4.30%		8,385		8,385				
2021				4.30%		8,749		8,749				
2022				4.30%		9,129		9,129				
2023	•			4.30%		9,549		9,549				
Total		\$	42,400		\$	102,664	\$	145,064		\$	180,000	
		=				=====	=	=		==		

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS BY SOURCE AND DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNCTION - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST EIGHT YEARS

2002	52,828 6,381 75,997 273,799 27,895 1,384 26,473	215,714 82,190 2,070 83,876 105,761 58,487
ł	∨ ' ↔	↔ ' ↔ "
2003	135,861 58,538 5,889 134,037 155,120 27,081 1,700 7,152	220,395 78,665 918 88,753 31,711 55,317 475,759
ł	6	↔
2004	137,691 60,174 4,421 29,453 128,064 29,365 5,974 23,005	138,002 94,064 525 89,902 22,359 57,024 16,819
i	↔ '↔ "	↔
2005	134,029 55,086 2,710 11,153 120,903 25,927 1,353 29,722	143,485 144,658 550 107,733 18,489 52,559 14,412
İ	\$	∨
2006	136,435 56,045 10,708 20,762 121,067 26,154 421 35,102	171,555 93,386 368 97,272 10,816 51,821 14,003
İ	↔	↔ ' ↔
2007	146,562 65,542 6,060 13,943 122,601 37,267 23,799 30,008	185,318 76,383 145,582 14,639 54,478 13,567 457,744
į	∨	⇔
2008	\$ 147,711 65,914 7,007 5,736 130,550 32,708 809 43,847	226,036 190,783
į	۱ <u>۵</u> ۱	6
2009	\$ 174,342 66,509 7,069 3,228 131,656 32,760 436 20,552	\$ 337,198 118,477 96,346 6,926 59,195 22,554
'		
	Receipts: Property tax Other city tax Licenses and permits Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for service Special assessments Miscellaneous	Disbursements: Operating: Public safety Public works Health and social services Culture and recreation Community and economic development General government Debt service Capital projects Total
	Rec D I U I I I I	Dis C

O'CONNOR, BROOKS & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

G.L. HARDIN, CPA W.H. LEGLAR, CPA S.J. DOMEYER, CPA M.A. KUEPERS, CPA J.W. HANNAN, CPA M.P. RUGGEBERG, CPA P.C. McCARTHY, CPA E.A. SCHILLING, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Preston, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated February 17, 2010. We expressed an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the various opinion units of the primary government and an adverse opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units due to the omission of the financial data for the City's legally separate component units. In addition, we disclaimed an opinion on the required supplementary information. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Preston's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Preston's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Preston's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies, including deficiencies we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City of Preston's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with an other comprehensive basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood a misstatement of the City of Preston's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City of Preston's internal control. We consider the deficiencies in internal control described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Preston's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we believe items I-A-09, I-B-09, and I-C-09 are material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Preston's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance and other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2009, are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

The City of Preston's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the City's responses, we did not audit the City of Preston's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of the City of Preston and other parties to whom the City of Preston may report. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Preston during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

O'CONNOR, BROOKS & CO., P.C.

O'Connor, Brooks + Co, P.C.

Dubuque, Iowa February 17, 2010

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES:

I-A-09 <u>Segregation of Duties</u> - One important aspect of internal control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. One individual at the City has custody of receipts and performs all recordkeeping and reconciling functions for the accounts.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the City should review its control procedures to obtain maximum internal control possible under the circumstances. A council member should receive the bank statement each month and review its contents. This review should be documented by the council member initialing the statement.

<u>Response</u> - The City Council feels they have segregated duties to the extent possible with the existing personnel.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

I-B-09 <u>Utility Accounts Receivable</u> — The City provides its utility customers with the option to pay a "budget" amount each month for utility services with the amount adjusted on an annual basis to reflect actual usage. We noted several customers whose monthly "budget" payments were not sufficient resulting in accounts receivable that are more than 120 days old.

<u>Recommendation</u> — The City needs to review and adjust the "budget" payment for all customers on at least an annual basis to ensure that the amount is sufficient to cover actual usage over the course of a year.

Response - We will review "budget" payments and adjust as necessary.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

I-C-09 Adjusting Journal Entries - Several adjusting journal entries were proposed to management to represent a fair presentation of the financial statements. Significant adjustments were made to correct the fund balance of several funds.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We recommend that the City implement procedures to reasonably assure that account balances are fairly stated.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements: (Continued)

Response - We will consider this.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

I-D-09 <u>Heat Assistance Funds</u> - The City received heat assistance funding for some of its utility customers. These monies were deposited into a savings account; however, the savings account was not recorded in the City's accounting records.

<u>Recommendation</u> - All bank accounts and receipts should be recorded in the City's accounting records.

Response - We will record all bank accounts and receipts in the City's accounting records.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Part II: Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting:

II-A-09 Certified Budget - Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2009, exceeded the amounts budgeted in the public safety, public works, debt service, and business type activities functions. Chapter 384.20 of the Code of Iowa states in part that public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The budget should have been amended in sufficient amounts in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response - The budget will be amended in the future, if applicable.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- II-B-09 <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> We noted no disbursements that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- II-C-09 <u>Travel Expense</u> No disbursements of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Part II: Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting: (Continued)

- II-D-09 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the City and City officials or employees were noted.
- II-E-09 <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- II-F-09 <u>Council Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the council minutes but were not.
- II-G-09 <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy were noted.
- II-H-09 Revenue Bonds and Notes The City has established the appropriate accounts required by the sewer revenue bond resolution and the electric revenue note resolution. During the year, the City made the required transfers to the accounts. Even though the required transfers were made for the electric and sewer revenue accounts, the fund balances were still insufficient to meet the sinking and reserve account requirements of the electric and sewer revenue resolutions, so the City has a net earnings violation.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We recommend that the City review the status of the Electric Fund and the Sewer Fund and investigate ways to improve the cash position to comply with the bond resolution requirement regarding fund balance.

<u>Response</u> - The City staff will discuss with the Council ways to improve the cash position so the City complies with the bond resolution.

<u>Conclusion</u> - Response accepted.

II-I-09 <u>Financial Condition</u> - The General Fund had a deficit balance of \$224,286; the Special Revenue, Special Assessments Fund had a deficit balance of \$1,588; the Debt Service Fund had a deficit balance of \$42,997; the Enterprise, Electric Fund had a deficit balance of \$10,745; and the Enterprise, Sewer Fund had a deficit balance of \$2,171 at June 30, 2009. With the exception of the Electric Fund, all of these funds had deficit balances in the previous fiscal year.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Part II: Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting: (Continued)

<u>Recommendation</u> - The City should continue to investigate alternatives to eliminate these deficits in order to return the funds to a sound financial position. This could include other revenue sources, as well as reviewing the budget process for cost reductions. The City should also transfer funds as needed to the debt service fund to provide monies for the payment of general obligation debt.

Response - We will investigate ways to eliminate these deficits.

<u>Conclusion</u> - Response accepted.

II-J-09 <u>Local Option Sales and Services Tax</u> - Sales tax on gas services provided to residential customers was not uniformly assessed.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The City should uniformly assess local option sales and services tax on metered gas provided to residential customers in accordance with Section 701-231.16 the Iowa Department of Revenue Administrative Rules and Regulations.

Response – This will be corrected.

Conclusion - Response accepted.